## Year 3 Maths Objectives

Place Value

| COUNTING | count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100; <br> find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number |
| :--- | :--- |
| COMPARING <br> NUMBERS | compare and order numbers up to 1000 |
| ESTIMATING <br> NUMBERS | identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations |
|  <br> WRITING <br> NUMBERS | read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words <br> tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals <br> from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks |
| UNDERSTANDING <br> PLACE VALUE | recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, <br> ones) |
| PROBLEM <br> SOLVING | solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas. |

## Addition \& Subtraction

| MENTAL CALCULATION | add and subtract numbers mentally, including: <br> * a three-digit number and ones <br> * a three-digit number and tens <br> * a three-digit number and hundreds |
| :---: | :---: |
| WRITTEN METHODS | add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction |
| CHECKING ANSWERS | estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers |
| PROBLEM SOLVING | solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction |

## Multiplication \& Division

| MULTIPLICATION <br> \& DIVISION <br> FACTS | count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100 <br> recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication <br> tables |
| :--- | :--- |
| MENTAL <br> CALCULATION | write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division <br> using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers <br> times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written <br> methods (appears also in Written Methods) |
| WRITTEN <br> CALCULATION | write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division <br> using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers <br> times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written <br> methods (appears also in Mental Methods) |
| PROBLEM <br> SOLVING | solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication <br> and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence <br> problems in which n objects are connected to m objects |
| CHECKING | estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check |

## Algebra

| EQUATIONS | solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place <br> value, and more complex addition and subtraction. <br> solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and <br> division, including integer scaling |
| :--- | :--- |

## Fractions (including decimals \& percentages)

| COUNTING IN <br> FRACTIONAL STEPS | count up and down in tenths |
| :--- | :--- |
| RECOGNISING <br> FRACTIONS | recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions <br> and non-unit fractions with small denominators <br> recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in <br> dividing one - digit numbers or quantities by 10. <br> recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions <br> with small denominators |
| COMPARING <br> FRACTIONS | compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators |
| EQUIVALENCE | recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small <br> denominators |
|  <br> SUBTRACTION OF <br> FRACTIONS | add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole (e.g. <br> 5 <br> $1 / 7 /{ }_{7} /{ }_{7}$ ) |
| PROBLEM SOLVING | solve problems that involve all of the above |

## Geometry: Properties of shape

|  <br> CONSTRUCTING | draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials; recognise <br> 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them |
| :--- | :--- |
|  <br> CLASSIFYING | compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects. |
| ANGLES | recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn <br> identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three <br> make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether <br> angles are greater than or less than a right angle <br> identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel <br> lines |

## Measurement

## COMPARING \& ESTIMATING

compare durations of events, for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks
estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes, hours and o'clock; use vocabulary such as a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight

|  | (appears also in Telling the Time) |
| :--- | :--- |
|  <br> CALCULATING | measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm}$ ); mass (kg/g); <br> volume/capacity $(\mathrm{l} / \mathrm{ml})$ measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes <br> add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both f and p in <br> practical contexts |
| TELLING THE TIME | tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman <br> numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks <br> estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; <br> record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes, hours and o'clock; <br> use vocabulary such as a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight |
| CONVERTING | know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each <br> month, year and leap year |

## Statistics

| INTERPRETING DATS | interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables |
| :--- | :--- |
| SOLVING PROBLEMS | solve one-step and two-step questions [e.g. 'How many more?' and 'How <br> many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and <br> pictograms and tables. |

